Egelston Township Muskegon County, Michigan

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(with required supplementary information)

Year ended June 30, 2009

Egelston Township

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As management of Egelston Township, we present to the readers of the Township's financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Township for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We encourage you to consider the information presented in these financial statements along with the additional information that has been furnished in this letter.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Township's finances. These statements are similar to those of a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Township's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements mentioned above distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are designed to recover all or a significant part of their costs through user fees and charges for services (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Township include general government, public safety, public works, community and economic development and cultural and recreational activities. The business-type activities of the Township are sewer services.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into three categories - governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a governmental entity's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

Egelston Township maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Fire Fund, and Street Light Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds. The Township has an enterprise proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Township uses an enterprise fund to account for its sewer operations. Enterprise funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Township. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the Township's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary finds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The reader is encouraged to include the reading of this section in any attempt to analyze and understand these statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Township's budgetary information as it relates to the actual expenditures for the General Fund, Fire Fund, and Street Light Fund.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on budgetary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The first table presented below is a summary of the government-wide statement of net assets for the Township. As stated earlier, the net assets may be used as an indicator of a government's financial health. As of June 30, 2009, the Township's net assets from governmental activities totaled \$3,421,390 (48%) and \$3,764,709 (52%) from business-type activities, creating a total government-wide net assets total of \$7,186,099.

In examining the composition of these net assets, the reader should note that governmental activities net assets are invested in capital assets (i.e., buildings, land, vehicles, equipment, etc.) These assets are used to provide services to the Township's residents, and they are not available to pay salaries, operational expenses or fund capital projects. The unrestricted net assets for governmental activities actually depict a balance of \$1,992,613. This represents the amount of discretionary resources that can be used for general governmental operations.

The business-type activities show a total of \$3,764,709 in net assets and \$1,534,454 in unrestricted net assets.

Current assets for the governmental activities increased by approximately \$104,000 from the prior year due primarily to higher cash and investments reflecting an increase in net assets. Capital assets are down by approximately \$39,500 because depreciation exceeded capital asset additions for the year.

Capital assets for the business-type activities decreased by approximately \$89,000 because depreciation exceeded capital asset additions for the year. Current liabilities increased by approximately \$85,000 due to higher payables to Muskegon County for Sewer usage as more users have connected to the system and charges from the County have risen.

Net Assets

		Governmental				Busin	ness-	-type				
	_	Act	tivit	ies		Ac	ies	_	Total			
		2009		2008		2009		2008		2009		2008
Current assets and	_		_				_		_			
other assets	\$	2,520,388	\$	2,416,209	\$	3,218,900	\$	3,208,834	\$	5,739,288	\$	5,625,043
Capital assets		1,054,576		1,094,106		2,326,647		2,415,273	_	3,381,223		3,509,379
Total assets	_	3,574,964		3,510,315		5,545,547		5,624,107		9,120,511		9,134,422
Current liabilities		153,574		130,024		140,058		55,567		293,632		185,591
Noncurrent liabilities		-		16,345		1,655,780		1,687,348		1,655,780		1,703,693
Total liabilities	_	153,574		146,369	_	1,795,838	_	1,742,915		1,949,412	_	1,889,284
Net assets Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		1,054,576		1,094,106		2,230,255		2,381,330		3,284,831		3,475,436
Restricted		374,201		364,013		-,		-,5 5 1,5 5 5		374,201		364,013
Unrestricted		1,992,613		1,905,827		1,519,454		1,499,862		3,512,067		3,405,689
Total net assets	\$	3,421,390	\$	3,363,946	\$	3,749,709	\$	3,881,192	\$	7,171,099	\$	7,245,138

The results of this year's operations for the Township as a whole are reported in the statement of activities, which shows changes in net assets.

Change in Net Assets

		Governmental			Busine	ess-	-type				
		Act	iviti	ies	Acti	ivit	ies		Total		
	_	2009		2008	2009		2008		2009	2008	
Revenues:	_										
Program revenues											
Charges for services	\$	165,260	\$	185,353 \$	465,945	\$	422,162	\$	631,205 \$	607,515	
Operating grants and											
contributions		6,486		-	-		-		6,486	-	
Capital grants and											
contributions		-		-	142,720		231,982		142,720	231,982	
General revenues											
Property taxes		958,498		908,729	-		-		958,498	908,729	
Franchise fees		67,811		59,894	-		-		67,811	59,894	
Grants and contributions											
not restricted		706,481		744,170	-		-		706,481	744,170	
Unrestricted investment											
earnings		42,451		90,744	20,976		73,860		63,427	164,604	
Miscellaneous		33,324		16,308	-		-		33,324	16,308	
Gain on sale of capital											
assets		7,651		20,100	-		551		7,651	20,651	
Total revenues	_	1,987,962	_	2,025,298	629,641	_	728,555		2,617,603	2,753,853	
Expenses:											
General government		811,522		777,789	-		-		811,522	777,789	
Public safety		886,503		840,228	-		-		886,503	840,228	
Public works		148,853		188,547	-		-		148,853	188,547	
Community and economic											
development		10,254		9,417	-		-		10,254	9,417	
Culture and recreation		73,386		85,155	-		-		73,386	85,155	
Sewer Fund	_	-			761,124		631,854		761,124	631,854	
Total expenses		1,930,518		1,901,136	761,124	_	631,854		2,691,642	2,532,990	
Change in net assets	_	57,444	_	124,162	(131,483)	_	96,701		(74,039)	220,863	
Net assets - Beginning	_	3,363,946	_	3,239,784	3,881,192	_	3,784,491	_	7,245,138	7,024,275	
Net assets - Ending	\$	3,421,390	\$	3,363,946 \$	3,749,709	\$	3,881,192	\$	7,171,099 \$	7,245,138	

At year-end, on June 30, 2009, net assets increased by \$57,444 in governmental activities and decreased by \$131,483 in business-type activities. This resulted in an overall decrease of \$74,039 government wide.

Governmental Activities

Charges for services declined by approximately \$20,000 due to less permit activity as the poor economy slowed building activities. Property tax revenue increased approximately \$50,000 due to growth in taxable value. Grants and contributions not restricted decreased by approximately \$38,000 due to revenue sharing cuts. Investment earnings decreased approximately \$48,000 due to lower rates of return on investments.

General government expenses increased by approximately \$34,000 due to higher election costs for the national election in 2008, repairs and maintenance to the caretaker house, and inflationary increases in salaries and wages. Public safety expenses increased by approximately \$46,000 because the Township filled the vacant fire chief position towards the end of the year, additional insurance costs, and building repairs. Public works expenses decrease by approximately \$40,000 because of street light improvements in the prior year.

Business-type Activities

Charges for services increased by approximately \$34,000 due to an increase in the number of users of the Township system resulting from the completion of the Township's sewer expansion project. Similarly, capital grants and contributions remain high due to new users hooking up into the system. Sewer Fund expenses increased approximately \$129,000 due to higher charges by the County resulting from higher flow due to additional users as well as higher fees. The Sewer Fund also incurred expenses related to sewer lateral repair.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As stated earlier in this discussion and analysis, the Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances in spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances or the lack thereof, may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the 2009 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,402,494. This number represents the fund balance of \$2,007,342 in the General Fund, \$111,078 in the Fire Fund, \$257,211 in the Street Light Fund, and \$26,863 in other governmental funds. It is necessary to further distinguish between the unreserved and reserved fund balance. The unreserved balance represents what is available for spending at the Township's discretion. The amount of the fund balance that is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders is \$71,571. Of the remaining unreserved fund balances, \$1,085,000 is designated for various improvements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Township. At the end of the fiscal year 2009, the unreserved General Fund fund balance was \$1,970,822 and the total General Fund fund balance was \$2,007,342. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 162% of the General Fund expenditures. The ratio in the previous year was 155%.

Proprietary Funds. The Township's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Net assets of the Sewer Fund decreased by \$131,483.

General Fund Budget

During the current fiscal year, the Township made several amendments to its original budget as follows:

- The licenses and permits revenues budget was increased to reflect a new cable franchise agreement which was anticipated to bring additional revenues into the Township.
- The other revenues budget was increased to reflect insurance reimbursements for storm damage.

The following comments summarize the major variations from the final budget to actual revenues and expenditures:

- Licenses and permits revenues were under the final budget by \$24,290 due to less permit activity arising from the slow economy.
- Inspection department expenditures were under the final budget by \$28,190 due to less activity than anticipated as a result of a slow economy.
- Payroll benefits expenditures were under the final budget by \$21,102 due to certain benefits and pension costs costing slightly less than anticipated.
- Capital outlay expenditures were under the final budget by \$95,844 because the Township decided to cancel or delay a number of purchases due to the slow economy.
- Transfers out were under the final budget by \$57,085 as a budgeted transfer to subsidize operations in the Fire Fund was not necessary.

Capital Assets Administration

The Township's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2009 totaled \$3,381,223 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, office equipment, equipment, utility systems and vehicles.

Major capital asset additions during the current year included a new Township complex sign, leaf vacuum trailer, sprinkling system in the cemetery, two pickup trucks, an easement in the Sewer Fund, and two pumps.

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Gover	nm	ental		Busir	type						
	Act	ivit	ties	_	Activities			_	Τ	1		
	2009		2008		2009		2008		2009		2008	
Land	\$ 229,710	\$	229,710	\$	7,934	\$	3,514	\$	237,644	\$	233,224	
Land improvements	219,731		212,510		-		-		219,731		212,510	
Buildings and improvements	376,560		392,309		11,866		12,331		388,426		404,640	
Utility systems	-		-		2,223,799		2,331,891		2,223,799		2,331,891	
Equipment	79,378		94,888		83,048		67,537		162,426		162,425	
Office equipment	3,615		10,424		-		-		3,615		10,424	
Vehicles	145,582		154,265	_	_	_	-		145,582	_	154,265	
Total	\$ 1,054,576	\$	1,094,106	\$	2,326,647	\$	2,415,273	\$	3,381,223	\$_	3,509,379	

Additional information on the Township's capital assets can be found in Note D of the "Notes to Financial Statements" of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the Township had total outstanding debt of \$1,726,473 consisting of general obligation bonds and compensated absences.

Outstanding Debt

	_	Governme	ntal	Activities	_	Business-t	Activities	_	Total				
		2009		2008	_	2009		2008		2009		2008	
General obligations	_		_		_		-				_		
bonds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,686,780	\$	1,686,017	\$	1,686,780	\$	1,686,017	
Compensated absences	_	35,680		32,691		4,013		2,662		39,693		35,353	
Total	\$_	35,680	\$_	32,691	\$	1,690,793	\$	1,688,679	\$	1,726,473	\$_	1,721,370	

The Township's total debt increased by \$5,103 during the fiscal year. The increase came from higher compensated absences. There were no required payments on the Township's general obligation bonds this year.

Additional information on the Township's long-term debt can be found in Note G of the "Notes to Financial Statements" of this report.

General Economic Overview

The Township's General Fund has two major revenue sources, state revenue sharing and property tax revenue. Those two sources comprised over 78% of the General Fund revenue sources. In fiscal 2010, state revenue sharing is expected to decrease by approximately 6 to 7% and property tax revenues are expected to decline by approximately 1%.

The Township is expecting operating expenditures to increase by the rate of inflation in the coming year. The Township has committed approximately \$312,000 to purchase a new tanker for the fire department which will be paid for by an operating transfer from the General Fund. No other significant capital items are planned at this time. As part of its budget, the Township has appropriated approximately \$127,000 to transfer to the Fire Fund to support fire operations.

The Township is planning on conducting a sewer rate study to determine the adequacy of the current rate structure in covering operating costs due to higher wholesale charges from Muskegon County. Based on the results of the study, rates may be increased.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Egelston Township's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Egelston Township, 5428 E. Apple Ave., Muskegon, Michigan, 49442, (231) 788-2308.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

November 9, 2009

Township Board Egelston Township Muskegon, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Egelston Township, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Egelston Township, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Egelston Township, Michigan, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages i - viii and 26 - 28 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Egelston Township, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Egelston Township STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2009

ASSETS

		Governmental activities	H	Business-type activities	Total
CURRENT ASSETS	_				
Cash and investments	\$	2,198,409	\$	1,223,167	\$ 3,421,576
Receivables		19,162		200,160	219,322
Due from other governmental units		231,246		-	231,246
Prepaid items	_	71,571		4,931	76,502
Total current assets		2,520,388		1,428,258	3,948,646
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Capital assets, net					
Nondepreciable		229,710		7,934	237,644
Depreciable		824,866		2,318,713	3,143,579
Access rights, net		-		1,576,884	1,576,884
Bond issue costs, net		-		13,503	13,503
Special assessments receivable	_			200,255	200,255
Total noncurrent assets	_	1,054,576		4,117,289	5,171,865
Total assets		3,574,964		5,545,547	9,120,511
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		111,819		38,614	150,433
Due to other governmental units		6,075		66,431	72,506
Bonds and other obligations, due within one year	_	35,680	_	35,013	70,693
Total current liabilities		153,574		140,058	293,632
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Bonds and other obligations, less amounts due within one year	_	-		1,655,780	1,655,780
Total liabilities	_	153,574	_	1,795,838	1,949,412
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,054,576		2,230,255	3,284,831
Restricted for:					
Fire operations		111,078		-	111,078
Street lights		257,211		-	257,211
Muskegon Regional Water Alliance		5,912		-	5,912
Unrestricted	_	1,992,613		1,519,454	3,512,067
Total net assets	\$_	3,421,390	\$	3,749,709	\$ 7,171,099

Egelston Township STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2009

	Program Revenue					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets								
Functions/Programs		Expenses	(Charges for services		rating grants contributions		apital grants contributions	(Governmental activities		siness-type activities		Total
Governmental activities	•	•	_					,	_		_		_	
General government	\$	811,522	\$	49,107	\$	2,916	\$	-	\$	(759,499)	\$	-	\$	(759,499)
Public safety		886,503		69,087		2,770		-		(814,646)		-		(814,646)
Public works		148,853		-		-		-		(148,853)		-		(148,853)
Community and economic development		10,254		-		-		-		(10,254)		-		(10,254)
Culture and recreation		73,386		47,066	_	800	_		_	(25,520)		-	_	(25,520)
Total governmental activities		1,930,518		165,260		6,486		-		(1,758,772)		-		(1,758,772)
Business-type activities														
Sewer		761,124	_	465,945	_	-	_	142,720	_	-	_	(152,459)	_	(152,459)
Total government	\$	2,691,642	\$_	631,205	\$	6,486	\$	142,720		(1,758,772)		(152,459)		(1,911,231)
General revenues														
Property taxes, levied for														
General purposes										312,937		-		312,937
Specific purposes										645,561		-		645,561
Franchise fees										67,811		-		67,811
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific progra	ıms									706,481		-		706,481
Unrestricted investment earnings										42,451		20,976		63,427
Miscellaneous										33,324		-		33,324
Gain on sale of capital assets									_	7,651	_	-	_	7,651
Total general revenues									_	1,816,216		20,976	_	1,837,192
Change in net assets										57,444		(131,483)		(74,039)
Net assets at July 1, 2008									-	3,363,946	_	3,881,192	_	7,245,138
Net assets at June 30, 2009									\$_	3,421,390	\$	3,749,709	\$_	7,171,099

Egelston Township BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

	Gener Fund		Fire Fund	_	Street Light Fund	go	Other overnmental funds	٤	Total governmental funds
ASSETS	ф 1.00 7 .	2.42	07.110	Ф	267.004	Ф	26.062	Ф	2 100 400
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 1,807,	342 \$ 162	97,110	\$	267,094	\$	26,863	\$	2,198,409
	215,		15,990		-		-		19,162 231,246
Due from other governmental units Prepaid items		520 520	35,051		-		-		
•				_				_	71,571
Total assets	\$ 2,078,	280 \$	148,151	\$_	267,094	\$	26,863	\$_	2,520,388
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 22,	776 \$	8,501	\$	9,883	\$	-	\$	41,160
Accrued liabilities	42,	531	28,028		-		-		70,659
Due to other governmental units	5,	531	544	_	-				6,075
Total liabilities	70,	938	37,073		9,883		-		117,894
Fund balances									
Reserved for prepaid items	36,	520	35,051		-		-		71,571
Unreserved									
Designated, reported in General Fund	1,085,	000	-		-		-		1,085,000
Undesignated, reported in									
General Fund	885,	322	-		-		-		885,822
Special revenue funds			76,027	_	257,211	_	26,863	_	360,101
Total fund balances	2,007,	342	111,078	_	257,211		26,863	_	2,402,494
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,078,	\$	148,151	\$_	267,094	\$	26,863	\$_	2,520,388

Egelston Township

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2009

Total fund balance—governmental funds		\$	2,402,494
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds. Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,606,069 (1,551,493)		1,054,576
Long-term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the governmental funds. Compensated absences		_	(35,680)
Net assets of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets		\$	3,421,390

Egelston Township STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2009

	General Fund		Fire Fund		Street Light Fund		Other governmental funds		<u>8</u>	Total governmental funds
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$	312,937	\$	549,869	\$	95,693	\$	-	\$	958,499
Licenses and permits		122,082		-		-		-		122,082
Intergovernmental revenues - State		706,481		-		-		-		706,481
Charges for services		35,176		17,657		-		-		52,833
Investment earnings		37,955		-		4,191		305		42,451
Other	_	87,230	_	10,734	_	-		-	_	97,964
Total revenues		1,301,861		578,260		99,884		305		1,980,310
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government		569,983		-		-		-		569,983
Public safety		123,592		552,637		-		-		676,229
Public works		9,469		-		120,919		-		130,388
Community and economic development		8,193		-		-		-		8,193
Culture and recreation		58,185		-		-		226		58,411
Other governmental functions		384,910		-		-		-		384,910
Capital outlay	_	59,884	_			-		-	_	59,884
Total expenditures	_	1,214,216		552,637	_	120,919		226	_	1,887,998
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		87,645		25,623		(21,035)		79		92,312
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	2,051	_	5,600			_	-	_	7,651
Net change in fund balances		89,696		31,223		(21,035)		79		99,963
Fund balances at July 1, 2008	_	1,917,646	_	79,855		278,246		26,784	_	2,302,531
Fund balances at June 30, 2009	\$_	2,007,342	\$_	111,078	\$	257,211	\$	26,863	\$_	2,402,494

Egelston Township

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds			\$	99,963
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures; in the Statement				
of Activities, these costs are depreciated over their estimated useful lives.				
Depreciation expense	\$	(99,414)		
Capital outlay	_	59,884		(39,530)
Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the Statement of Activities				
and reported as expenditures when financial resources are used in the governmental funds.				(2,989)
Change in not assets of governmental activities			Ф	57.444
Change in net assets of governmental activities			\$	57,444

Egelston Township STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS Proprietary Fund June 30, 2009

ASSETS

ASSLIS		Business-type Activities - nterprise Fund Sewer
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	1,223,167
Receivables		
Accounts		177,160
Special assessments		23,000
Prepaid items		4,931
Total current assets		1,428,258
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Capital assets		
Land		7,934
Buildings		18,613
Utility system		9,277,247
Equipment		235,408
Less accumulated depreciation		(7,212,555)
Net capital assets		2,326,647
Access rights, net		1,576,884
Bond issuance costs, net		13,503
Special assessments receivable		200,255
Total noncurrent assets	_	4,117,289
Total assets		5,545,547
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		15,387
Accrued liabilities		23,227
Due to other governmental units		66,431
Bonds and other obligations, due within one year		35,013
Total current liabilities		140,058
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Bonds and other obligations, less amounts due within one year		1,655,780
Total liabilities		1,795,838
		,,
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		2,230,255
Unrestricted		1,519,454
Total net assets	\$	3,749,709

Egelston Township STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

Proprietary Fund For the year ended June 30, 2009

	<u>]</u>	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Sewer
REVENUES	-	
Charges for services	\$	465,945
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Administration		32,394
Operations		466,673
Depreciation and amortization	_	184,138
Total operating expenses	_	683,205
Operating loss		(217,260)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment earnings		20,976
Connection fees		142,720
Interest expense	_	(77,919)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	85,777
Change in net assets		(131,483)
Net assets at July 1, 2008	_	3,881,192
Net assets at June 30, 2009	\$_	3,749,709

Egelston Township STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Proprietary Fund For the year ended June 30, 2009

		Business-type
		Activities -
	<u>E</u> 1	nterprise fund
CARLELOWG EDOM OPED ATTING A CTINUTUE		Sewer
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ.	416047
Receipts from customers	\$	416,947
Receipts from interfund services provided		2,617
Payments to suppliers		(285,316)
Payments to employees		(162,338)
Net cash used for operating activities		(28,090)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Connection fees		64,294
Purchases of capital assets		(33,827)
Interest paid on capital debt		(77,156)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(46,689)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investment earnings		20,976
Net decrease in cash and investments		(53,803)
Cash and investments at July 1, 2008	_	1,276,970
Cash and investments at June 30, 2009	\$	1,223,167
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for		
operating activities		
Operating loss	\$	(217,260)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used for		
operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization expense		184,138
Change in assets and liabilities		
Receivables, net		(46,381)
Prepaid items		(749)
Accounts payable		8,408
Accrued liabilities		1,825
Due to other governmental units		41,929
Net cash used for operating activities	\$	(28,090)

Egelston Township STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2009

	_	Agency funds
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	8,460
Receivables	_	2,379
Total assets	\$ <u></u>	10,839
LIABILITIES		
Due to other governmental units	\$	3,921
Other liabilities	_	6,918
Total liabilities	\$_	10,839

June 30, 2009

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Egelston Township (Township) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Township's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

Egelston Township is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member Board.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that if the Township has certain oversight responsibilities over other organizations, those organizations should be included in the Township's financial statements. Since no organizations met this criteria, none are included in the financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Township. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The Township does not allocate indirect costs.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

June 30, 2009

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation—Continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Fire Fund is used to account for a special property tax millage levied by the Township for the operations and capital expenditures of the fire department.

The Street Light Fund is used to account for a special property tax millage levied by the Township for the operation and maintenance of the Township's street lights.

The Township reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Sewer Fund operates the Township's sewage pumping station, collection system and pays for access to the County's sewage treatment plant.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Township has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the Township's sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

June 30, 2009

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation—Continued

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The Township's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The Township reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. Under this standard, certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standard also provides that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the Township intends to hold the investment until maturity.

The Township has adopted an investment policy in compliance with State of Michigan statutes. Those statutes authorize the Township to invest in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit, prime commercial paper, securities guaranteed by United States agencies or instrumentalities, United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers acceptances, state-approved investment pools and certain mutual funds.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

June 30, 2009

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

Receivables and Payables—Continued

The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for the county, school and State of Michigan. Taxes are levied on each December 1 on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by state statutes) located in the Local Governmental Unit as of the preceding December 31. Uncollectible real property taxes as of the following March 1 are turned over by the Township to the County for collection. The County advances the Township all these delinquent real property taxes. The delinquent personal property taxes remain the responsibility of the Township. The Township recognizes all available revenue from the current tax levy. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2008 state taxable value for real/personal property of the Township totaled approximately \$185,599,000. The ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 1.1803, 2.8731 and 0.5000 mills for the Township's general operations, fire department operations, and street lights, respectively. These amounts are recognized respectively in the General Fund, Fire Fund, and Street Light Fund.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	10-40
Utility systems	20-50
Land improvements	10-20
Office equipment	5-7
Equipment	3-10
Vehicles	5-15

June 30, 2009

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

Compensated Absences

Township employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service and employee group. Upon termination, employees are paid for unused vacation and sick leave under limits that vary by employee group. The liability for these compensated absences is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures.

NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary information provided in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to June 30, the Township Clerk submits to the Township Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted at the Township Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.

June 30, 2009

NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY—Continued

d. Supplemental appropriations, when required to provide for additional expenditures, are matched by additional anticipated revenues or an appropriation of available fund balance and must be approved by the Township Board.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Township Board. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level for the General Fund and the fund level for all other governmental funds. The Township Board made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2009, the Township had the following investments:

			Weighted		
			average		
			maturity		
	_	Fair value	(Days)	Moody's	Percent
Investment Type		_			
External investment pool	\$	272,850	38	AAA	22.9 %
Negotiable certificates of deposit		118,345	122	not rated	9.9
Overnight repurchase agreements	_	802,845	1	AAA	67.2
Total fair value	\$	1,194,040			100.0 %
Portfolio weighted average maturity			21		

The Township voluntarily invests certain excess funds in an external investment pool (Pool). The Pool is an external investment pool of "qualified" investments for Michigan municipalities. The Pool is not regulated nor registered with the SEC. The fair value of the Township's investments is the same as the fair value of the Pool.

Interest rate risk. The Township does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the two highest classifications issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Township has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk. The Township does not have a concentration of credit risk policy. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2009, \$794,627 of the Township's bank balance of \$2,249,699 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk - investments. The Township does not have a custodial credit risk policy for investments. This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Foreign currency risk. The Township is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

June 30, 2009

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Balance					Balance
	July 1,					June 30,
	2008		Additions		Deductions	2009
Governmental activities:				_		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 229,710	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 229,710
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Land improvements	314,969		25,140		-	340,109
Buildings and improvements	870,650		7,260		-	877,910
Equipment	258,501		5,500		5,990	258,011
Office equipment	47,747		-		-	47,747
Vehicles	847,345	_	21,984		16,747	852,582
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,339,212		59,884		22,737	2,376,359
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Land improvements	102,459		17,919		-	120,378
Buildings and improvements	478,341		23,009		-	501,350
Equipment	163,613		21,010		5,990	178,633
Office equipment	37,323		6,809		-	44,132
Vehicles	693,080		30,667		16,747	707,000
Total accumulated depreciation	1,474,816	-	99,414		22,737	1,551,493
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated, net	864,396	-	(39,530)		-	824,866
Capital assets, net	\$ 1,094,106	\$	(39,530)	\$	-	\$ 1,054,576

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS—Continued

		Balance						Balance
		July 1,						June 30,
		2008		Additions		Deductions		2009
Business-type activities:	•						-	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,514	\$	4,420	\$	-	\$	7,934
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Utility systems		9,277,247		-		-		9,277,247
Equipment		223,913		29,407		17,910		235,410
Buildings and improvements		18,613		-		-	_	18,613
Total capital assets, being depreciated		9,519,773		29,407		17,910		9,531,270
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Utility systems		6,945,356		108,092		-		7,053,448
Equipment		156,376		13,896		17,910		152,362
Buildings and improvements		6,282		465		_	_	6,747
Total accumulated depreciation		7,108,014		122,453	•	17,910	-	7,212,557
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net		2,411,759		(93,046)			-	2,318,713
Capital assets, net	\$	2,415,273	\$	(88,626)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	2,326,647
Depreciation expense has been charged to	fun	ctions as follo	ows	:				
Governmental activities:								
General government					\$	39,836		
Public safety						29,938		
Public works						14,665		
Culture and recreation						14,975		
					\$	99,414		
Business-type activities:					•			
Sewer					\$	122,453		

NOTE E—ACCESS RIGHTS

Access rights activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

		Balance July 1,					Balance June 30,
	_	2008		Additions	Deductions		2009
Business-type activities	_		-			•	_
Access rights	\$	1,674,280	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,674,280
Less accumulated amortization	_	36,192		61,204	-		97,396
Access rights, net	\$	1,638,088	\$	(61,204)	\$ -	\$	1,576,884

Amortization

Amortization expense has been charged to sewer.

NOTE F—BOND ISSUANCE COSTS

Bond issuance cost activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

		Balance				Balance
		July 1,				June 30,
		2008	Additions	Deductions		2009
Business-type activities:	_					
Bond issuance costs	\$	14,952	\$ -	\$ -	\$	14,952
Less accumulated amortization	_	966	 483	-	_	1,449
Bond issuance costs, net	\$_	13,986	\$ (483)	\$ -	\$_	13,503

Amortization

Amortization expense has been charged to sewer.

June 30, 2009

NOTE G-LONG-TERM DEBT

Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities activity for the Township for the year ended June 30, 2009.

		Balance July 1, 2008		Additions	•	Reductions	_	Balance June 30, 2009	 Due within one year
Governmental activities:									
Compensated absences	\$	32,691	\$	66,511	\$	63,522	\$	35,680	\$ 35,680
Business-type activities:									
General obligations bond	\$	1,686,017	\$	-	\$	(763)	\$	1,686,780	\$ 31,000
Compensated absences		2,662	_	10,235		8,884	_	4,013	 4,013
Business-type activity									
long-term liabilities	\$	1,688,679	\$	10,235	\$	8,121	\$	1,690,793	\$ 35,013
Seneral obligation bonds: \$1,700,000 Muskegon Cou Number One Bond of 2 installments of approxin through November 2036 from 4.25% to 5% Less bond discount Compensated absences	006 nat	due in annuely \$31,000	ıal to S	\$108,000	-		\$	1,700,000 (13,220) 1,686,780 4,013 1,690,793	

For governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

In 2005, the County of Muskegon began making improvements to the regional sewer treatment facilities. The project was funded with \$17,500,000 bonds issued through the State of Michigan Clean Water Revolving Fund Loan Program. The County operates the system and makes payments on the bonds with user charges to the local units. The Township has pledged its limited tax full faith and credit for the payment of its portion of the debt should user charges collected by the County be insufficient to make the debt payments. The Township's portion of the debt on June 30, 2009 was approximately \$519,000. The Township is unaware of any circumstances that would cause a shortfall in the near future.

The Township was in compliance in all material respects with all bond ordinances at June 30, 2009.

June 30, 2009

NOTE G—LONG-TERM DEBT—Continued

Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities—Continued

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for debt outstanding as of June 30, 2009 follows:

Year ending	_	Business-type activities				
June 30,	_	Principal		Interest		
2010	\$	31,000	\$	76,489		
2011		33,000		75,128		
2012		34,000		73,715		
2013		36,000		72,241		
2014		37,000		70,696		
2015-2019		210,000		327,984		
2020-2024		263,000		277,662		
2025-2029		330,000		212,192		
2030-2034		419,000		127,063		
2035-2038	<u>-</u>	307,000	-	23,552		
	\$_	1,700,000	\$	1,336,722		

NOTE H—DESIGNATED FUND BALANCE

Unreserved fund balances designated for specific purposes as of June 30, 2009 were as follows:

General Fund		
Designated for parking lot improvements	\$	15,000
Designated for park improvements		60,000
Designated for equipment replacement		25,000
Designated for building/library improvements		25,000
Designated for cemetery improvements		30,000
Designated for fire department/community center		450,000
Designated for fire vehicles and equipment		30,000
Designated for other capital expenditures	_	450,000
	\$_	1,085,000
Sewer Fund		
Designated for future capital expenditures	\$_	500,000

June 30, 2009

NOTE I—OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Township manages its liability, property and insurance coverage as a member of the Michigan Township Participating Plan (MTPP), a public entity risk pool providing liability and property coverage to its participating members. The Township pays an annual premium to MTPP for its insurance coverage. The MTPP is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides, subject to certain deductibles, occurrence-based casualty coverage for each incident and occurrence based property coverage to its members by internally insuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Various deductibles are maintained to place the responsibility for small charges with the insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Township manages its workers' compensation risk by participating in the Michigan Municipal Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (MMWCSIF), a public entity risk pool providing workers' compensation coverage to its participating members. The Township pays an annual premium to MMWCSIF for its workers' compensation coverage. The MMWCSIF is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides statutory workers' compensation coverage to its members by internally insuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Township carries commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability to the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Township expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Township is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Township's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Township.

June 30, 2009

NOTE I—OTHER INFORMATION—Continued

Post-Retirement Health Care

The Township has agreed to provide post-retirement health care to certain employees after they retire.

As of year end, there were 6 retired employees receiving benefits. The Township finances the Plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended June 30, 2009, the Township's post-retirement health care cost under the Plan was approximately \$46,500.

In June 2004, GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 45), was issued. The new statement establishes new requirements for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care and other postemployment benefits (other than pensions). GASB 45 will required government-wide financial statements to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time that the health care coverage premiums are paid. The new pronouncement is effective for the Township for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Commitment

The Township has a contract for the purchase of a fire tanker as of June 30, 2009 of \$312,454. The cost of the tanker is being funded with available fund balance.

NOTE J—PENSION PLANS

Defined Contribution Plan

The Township maintains a defined contribution retirement plan with John Hancock Funds, Inc. that covers all employees except volunteer firemen and seasonal employees. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The Township contributes 15 percent of the employees' gross earnings. Participants are not required to contribute to the plan. The Township contributed \$103,154 during the year ended June 30, 2009.

NOTE K—ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

State of Michigan shared revenues represent 54 percent of General Fund revenues.



Egelston Township Required Supplementary Information BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2009

								ariance with
	_	Budgete	d amou					positive
DEVENIUM	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	(negative)
REVENUES	\$	210 141	\$	212 624	\$	212.027	\$	((07)
Property taxes Licenses and permits	Э	310,141 113,800	Þ	313,634 146,372	Þ	312,937 122,082	2	(697) (24,290)
Intergovernmental revenue - State		716,416		716,416		706,481		(9,935)
Charges for services		25,000		34,150		35,176		1,026
Investment earnings		33,000		33,000		37,955		4,955
Other		76,493		96,253		87,230		(9,023)
Total revenues	_	1,274,850	_	1,339,825	_	1,301,861	_	(37,964)
EXPENDITURES		-, ,,,,,		-,,		-,,		(= 1,5 = 1)
Current								
General government								
Township board		19,510		19,510		18,885		625
Supervisor		44,800		44,800		42,230		2,570
Elections		12,500		15,400		15,120		280
Board of review		4,150		4,150		2,964		1,186
Clerk		86,733		88,333		85,914		2,419
Treasurer		87,533		87,533		73,931		13,602
Assessor		57,615		57,615		57,123		492
Township hall		69,217		78,633		64,961		13,672
Board of appeals		4,000		4,000		1,202		2,798
Cemetery		27,672		27,572		28,815		(1,243)
Professional services		32,000		32,000		27,606		4,394
Office clerk		36,897		35,098		22,800		12,298
Maintenance		137,778		145,063		128,432		16,631
Public safety								
Inspection department		158,348		151,782		123,592		28,190
Public works								
Landfill		18,695		18,695		8,486		10,209
Roads		1,000		1,000		983		17
Community and economic development								
Planning		15,000		15,000		8,193		6,807
Culture and recreation		50.750		o		45.450		0.450
Recreation programs and park maintenance		50,750		55,350		47,172		8,178
Library		11,135		11,135		11,013		122
Other governmental functions		220 520		240.227		210 225		21 102
Payroll benefits		338,528 46,300		340,327		319,225 44,780		21,102 1,520
Insurance Other		37,406		46,300 37,406		20,905		1,520
Capital outlay		157,450		155,728		59,884		95,844
Total expenditures		1,455,017	_	1,472,430	_	1,214,216	_	258,214
	_		_		_		_	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(180,167)		(132,605)		87,645		220,250
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		2,051		2,051		-
Transfers out	_	(57,085)	_	(57,085)	_		_	57,085
Total other financing sources (uses)		(57,085)	_	(55,034)	_	2,051	_	57,085
Net change in fund balance	\$	(237,252)	\$_	(187,639)		89,696	\$	277,335
Fund balance at July 1, 2008						1,917,646		
Fund balance at June 30, 2009					\$_	2,007,342		

Egelston Township Required Supplementary Information BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Fire Fund

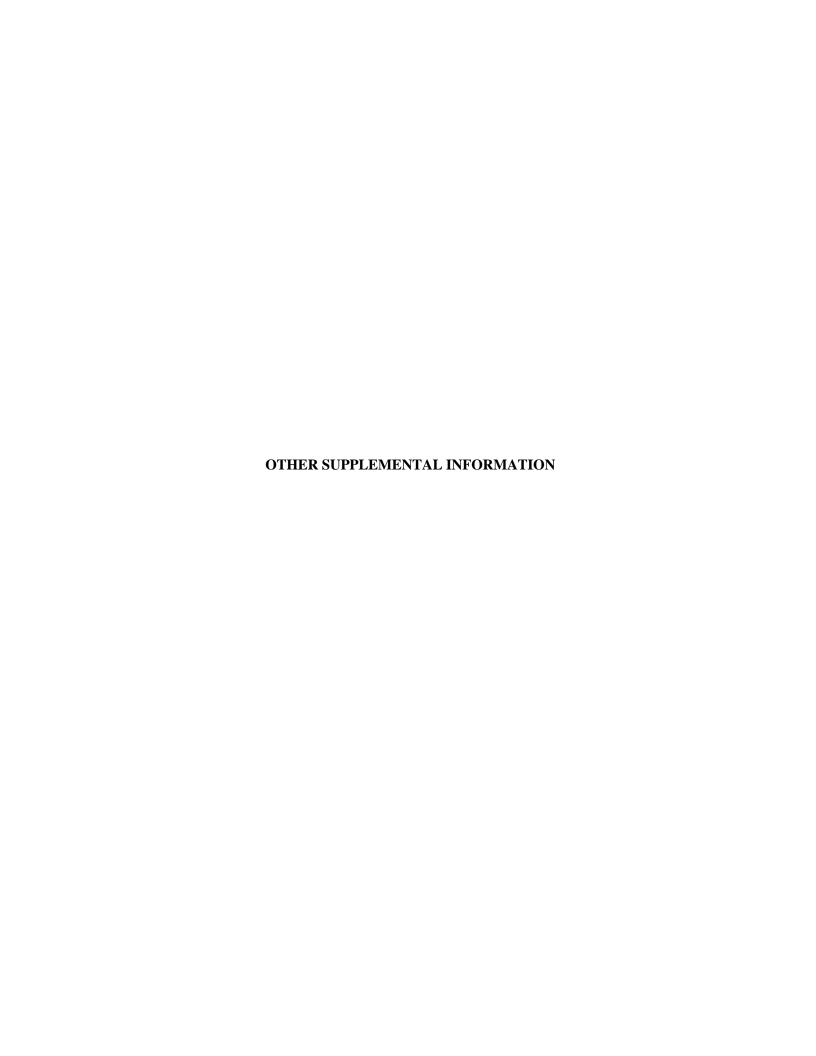
For the year ended June 30, 2009

		Budgete	ed amo	unts				Variance with final budget-positive	
	Original			Final		Actual		(negative)	
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	547,576	\$	550,742	\$	549,869	\$	(873)	
Charges for services		18,075		18,075		17,657		(418)	
Other	_	2,650		12,189	_	10,734		(1,455)	
Total revenues		568,301		581,006		578,260		(2,746)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Public safety		619,991		619,991		552,637		67,354	
Capital outlay		5,395		5,395	_			5,395	
Total expenditures		625,386	_	625,386	_	552,637		72,749	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(57,085)		(44,380)		25,623		70,003	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		5,600		5,600	
Transfers in		57,085		57,085	_			(57,085)	
Total other financing sources		57,085	_	57,085	_	5,600		(51,485)	
Net change in fund balance	\$_	-	\$_	12,705		31,223	\$	18,518	
Fund balance at July 1, 2008					_	79,855			
Fund balance at June 30, 2009					\$_	111,078			

Egelston Township Required Supplementary Information BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Street Light Fund For the year ended June 30, 2009

	_	Budgeted amounts Original Final			 Actual	Variance with final budget-positive (negative)	
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	94,569	\$	95,605	\$ 95,693	\$	88
Investment earnings	_	7,200		7,200	 4,191		(3,009)
Total revenues		101,769		102,805	99,884		(2,921)
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Public works		102,000	_	124,350	 120,919		3,431
Net change in fund balance	\$	(231)	\$_	(21,545)	(21,035)	\$	510
Fund balance at July 1, 2008					 278,246		
Fund balance at June 30, 2009					\$ 257,211		



Egelston Township COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

Other Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

	Total other				Special Revenue				
	go	vernmental				Water			
		funds		Festival	_	Alliance			
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	26,863	\$	20,951	\$_	5,912			
					_				
FUND BALANCES									
		26.962		20.051		5.012			
Unreserved		26,863		20,951	-	5,912			
Total fund balances	\$	26,863	\$	20,951	\$_	5,912			

Egelston Township COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Other Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2009

	Total other governmental funds			Special Revenue				
				Festival	_	Water Alliance		
REVENUES								
Investment earnings	\$	305	\$	305	\$	-		
EXPENDITURES Current Culture and recreation		226	_	226_				
	<u> </u>							
Net change in fund balances		79		79		-		
Fund balances at July 1, 2008		26,784	_	20,872	_	5,912		
Fund balances at June 30, 2009	\$	26,863	\$	20,951	\$_	5,912		

BRICKLEY DELONG CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

November 9, 2009

Township Board Egelston Township Muskegon, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Egelston Township as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Egelston Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies and other deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the attached deficiencies to be significant deficiencies in internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We believe the attached deficiencies, identified as material weaknesses, constitutes material weaknesses.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Township Board, and others within the Organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

Recommendation 1: The internal controls surrounding the preparation of formal year end financial statements should be improved.

Small organizations with limited resources and personnel inherently have difficulty in establishing and maintaining effective internal accounting controls related to the preparation and review of the formal year end financial statements.

The Organization should review its procedures surrounding the preparation of year end financial statements to include the appointment of an individual with the requisite technical skills and experience to review the formal year end financial statements and accompanying footnotes, in relation to required disclosures in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.



November 9, 2009

To the Township Board Egelston Township

We have audited the financial statements of Egelston Township for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2009. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility Under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated April 17, 2009, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

As previously communicated to you:

- 1. Our responsibility is to plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement.
- 2. As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of Egelston Township. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.
- 3. We are responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures specifically to identify such matters.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our meeting about planning matters on June 29, 2009 and September 23, 2009.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Egelston Township are described in Note A to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during fiscal year 2008/2009. We noted no transactions entered into by the Organization during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

BRICKLEY DELONG

Township Board Egelston Township November 9, 2009 Page 2

Significant Audit Findings—Continued

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices—Continued

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statement was:

Management's estimate of depreciation expense is based on the estimated useful life of the capital asset. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop depreciation expense in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November 9, 2009.

BRICKLEY DELONG

Township Board Egelston Township November 9, 2009 Page 3

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management of organizations may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Organization's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations by the management of Egelston Township with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Organization's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

This information is intended solely for the use of Township Board and management of Egelston Township and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Brickley De Long, P.C.